A TEN YEAR PLAN
STUDY
and
PROPOSALS
for the
FUTURE
of the

## INDIAN LAKE COMMUNITY

PREPARED BY

THE INDIAN LAKE PLANNING COMMISSION

9TH REVISION

REVIEWED AND CORRECTED THROUGH 4TH APRIL 1992

This study and plan is not intended and is not proposed to qualify as a Comprehensive Plan under the provisions of Article Three of the Pennsylvania Municipal Planning Code. It is a collection of proposals and suggestions of policy and administrative changes designed to improve the future livibility and economic status of the Indian Lake Community.

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## THE TEN YEAR PLAN FOR THE INDIAN LAKE COMMUNITY

Prepared by The Planning Commission Indian Lake Borough RD#1 Central City,PA.15926

4 April 1992 9th REVISION

#### PREFACE

Over the past twenty years, since the sale of the Indian Lake Development by the original developers, and the assumption of their function by the municipal government, the growth of the project has been largely guided by the provisions contained in the various deeds from the developers supplemented by Zoning and other Ordinances promulgated by the Municipality.

This growth has on the whole been quite satisfactory as to its quality with the only real problem being the commercial area of 200+ acres surrounding the Lodge and Hotel property. There have been to date three separate owners since the sale by the original builders, none of whom have been successful in its operation. Recently a fourth owner has taken possession and has made a sizeable investment. Another owner has purchased the lake front parcel adjacent to the Peninsula Golf Course. A third party has expressed interest in developing the center of the Peninsula, extending the present nine hole golf course to eighteen holes plus improvements to the Clubhouse and building homes on some balance of the existing vacant lots.

All of this activity has impressed the Planning Commission with the desirability, in fact the necessity of providing a Plan for the future of Indian Lake Borough with desirable goals stated and a plan and policy set forth so that development can proceed in a reasonable and satisfactory fashion and provide the type and quality of development the majority of the residents want.

In addition such a plan will provide a continuing basis for subsequent members of Indian Lake Council and the Planning Commission to judge and decide on plans which may be forthcoming from future developers and in addition permit those developers interested in Indian Lake property guidelines to readily see what they can and cannot do.

With the full knowledge that there is presently a wide disparity as to existing residents idea's as to what would constitute the proper future for the area, the Planning Commission has undertaken a study to try and provide a factual basis for its conclusions. This material is appended at the end of this proposal. A number of persons outside the

Commission were consulted and their comments solicited on the conclusions drawn. All of the comments were considered in drawing up this final plan. While some of the limits arrived at and some of the restrictions suggested will not find approval by everyone it is the feeling of the Commission members that this Plan represents a solid basis for the future of Indian Lake Borough at least for the next ten years. It is further hoped that the factual information expressed in the Study plus the recommendations drawn from the Study will draw together the possible disparity of opinion referred to above. While this plan does not address, per se, the questions of police activity, roads, refuse removal, lake patrolling, various nuisances and details of building codes, their effects have been considered in the goals and limits proposed.

Because of the limitations of the law as applied to small municipal government the only area open for regulation, which will control the growth, exclusive of the boating traffic on the Lake, and keep it within the limits desired, is Zoning. Therefore although other Ordinances may have to be written and or changed the main thrust of this plan ,again without consideration of the boating problem, will be implemented by an re-writing of the Zoning Ordinance. Most of the present ordinance will be retained insofar as detail is concerned with the major changes concerned with providing both a limit and goal of numbers of homes, their quality, the "green" area surrounding them and their location with respect to the available land areas within the Borough.

The original Plan of development by the original developer, Allegheny Mountain Lakes Inc., envisioned a limit of not over 1500 lots within the development. All of the deeds for the existing lots contain this provision. At the time of the original planning a municipality was not considered as an option for the development. It was only when the possibility of having a liquor license within the project became desirable that the Borough was formed out of Stonycreek Township which was and remains dry. The above limit of residents was to be handled by membership in a Service Corporation which would limit its members to not over 1500 and that all property owners would become members. It was expected that the Service Corp. would become the governing body of what is now a Borough and have ownership of the Lake, Roads and Water system.

Subsequent formation of the Borough and the turnover of the Lake, Roads and Water system to the Borough by the original Developer in 1974 made the Service Corp. an anachronism and also eliminated its function in limiting growth. Since the study shows that there is over nine hundred (900) acres of undeveloped land within the Borough and that it is owned by nineteen (19) different owners it is obvious that some over-riding authority must control the growth.

The subdivision ordinance of Somerset County is not sufficient to control the growth in numbers and the quality of same within Indian Lake Borough. The only way it can be handled is with a proper Zoning

Ordinance and an administrative organization within the Borough able and willing to do the required planning, supervision and enforcement of such a regulatory ordinance. Obviously such regulation must depart from the size of lots used in the past and the ability of all of the tracts in the Borough to subdivide to such sizes as the amount of land available would overwhelm the facilities available.

At the end of 1990 there were 482 homes within the Borough. The study indicates that there were also 380 vacant buildable lots. Not all of these lots have had any kind of a percolation test so this number is a probable maximum. The number includes double lots which will probably not be built upon and a certain number which will not be permitted for on-lot sewage disposal. Of the total number of platted lots (1089) only 719 or about 66 per cent have any access to the lake.

The proposals contained in the 10 Year Plan envision a maximum potential number of residences within the Borough of One Thousand Fifty within which only 735 will have access to the Lake or 70 per cent. Of those residents without lake access, experience has shown that very few will have a boat and trailer and take their boat to the launch area for use and remove it when finished. Therefore the major criteria limiting growth, the use of the Lake, will remain about the same as it is now, assuming all of the proposals are implemented. This number of potential total residences includes all of the single residences not on platted lots but within the Borough.

In planning for future development it must be recognized that expansion of recreational facilities, particularly golf and tennis will reduce the number of users of the Lake. Even though, as a property owner within the Borough all have the right to use the Lake and obtain a license, not all have any desire to own a boat. Indian Lake as a residential community has much more to offer than the Lake.

Rising costs of administration and maintenance dictate that development move forward in order to spread these costs over a wider base. Otherwise many of the present residents will not be able to afford the future when it comes. In this connection it should be pointed out that as of the date of the study there were 836 boat licenses issued but only 477 homes built. This program merely adds more boats to the Lake but increases the tax base not at all.

It was never intended in the development of this Plan that detailed information and decisions on every parcel of land within the Borough be made. As is usually the case, the imagination of the potential developers and the demands of the market will prove to be superior to that of any committee. The design of the original developers has, because of the location, size and access to the Lake of the sub-divided land, set for all time to come the basics of any future Plan.

Various considerations such as Laws relative to the types of

housing that must be included in municipal zoning, environmental limitations on future developments such as Indian Lake and the inflationary effects on housing and costs of municipal services have modified what the original developers had in mind. It has been thirty years this September that the final plans for Indian Lake were completed and the first parcel of land was purchased. Looking back it seems that those plans have been very successful. The Planning Commission hopes that this Ten Year Plan will make the future as good as the past.

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 Over the past year the members of the Planning Commission have met on an average of twice each month plus a number of small meetings between various members. In addition a great number of questionaires have been passed back and forth. Also three months were expended in making the original study to determine the facts on which to base the Plan. All of the members of the Commission have been long time members of the Indian Lake Community (over 20 years) and have served on various community councils and boards including the Service Corporation, the Borough Council and the Water Authority. One member was an original developer of the entire project. As such they have brought to the formulation of the Plan as much expertise as could be probably gathered among the residents of Indian Lake. It is doubtful that any other group could be formed which could bring to the project a more thoughtful approach with as much realization of the problems encountered in the past as well as solutions for the future.

It will be recognized that many of the day to day difficulties of operating the municipality of Indian Lake have not been addressed in this plan such as economics and budgeting, crime and police work, Lake patrolling and safety, road and water line maintenance and enforcement of the various ordinances. All of these were talked about but it was felt that they really had no place in an overall Plan. We felt that the Plan must be simple and not become bogged down in administrative actions. The Commission felt that all of the above must be solved by the elected and appointed officials in the future.

The function of the Plan was to provide a framework within which solutions future problems could be found. We therefore have confined the Plan to five area's; The Ownership and Operation of the Lake; Administrative Structure; The Zoning Ordinance; The Zoning District Map and Sewerage System.

Every effort has been made to conform to the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code, Act of 1968, P. L. 805, No. 247 as revised January 31,1989 and further revised to include all amendments through December of 1990. In addition the entire Study, Plan and Zoning Ordinance has been corrected in accord with a thorough review by Roberta J.Sarraf AICP, of Planned and Community Development Services of Pittsburgh PA. who was retained as a Consultant.

1	THE TEN YEAR PLAN FOR THE INDIAN LAKE COMMUNITY
2 3 <u>4</u>	Prepared by the Planning Commission 4 April 1992 Indian Lake Borough 9th REVISION Central City, PA. 15926
5	PROPOSAL NUMBER ONE
6	USE AND OWNERSHIP OF INDIAN LAKE
7	1.OWNERSHIP
8 9 10 11 12 13 14	The Planning Commission recommends that the ownership of Indian Lake remain with Indian Lake Borough. It further recommends that a Recreational Authority be created to operate the Lake under an agreement with the Borough Council. The Authority would at some point in the future take over ownership. This point in time will be decided based on the following factors:
	a. How successful operation has been to that point.
16 17	b. The possibility of obtaining grants from the State and Federal Government which may require ownership.
18 19	c.Continuation of the policy of no real estate taxes on municipalities or authorities.
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	The Authority will have a five member Board made up of one member of the Borough Council and the other four members appointed by the Borough Council from among the residents of Indian Lake including those property owners who are part time and non-voting. The Authority will be responsible directly to the Borough Council and one member (not the council member) will also be a member of the Zoning Hearing Board. This matter will be more completely covered in the following proposals.
28 29 30 31 32 33 34	In reaching the above conclusion the Commission has considered the pro's and con's of transfer of the Lake to the Service Corporation. After study it was decided the disadvantages such as taxes, lack of administrative ability, inability to obtain grants and lack of authority to enforce regulations outweighed the single advantage of exact control of the number of licenses by limiting the number of members of the corporation. The Borough

must issue a license to any resident of the Borough upon the same

terms as all other residents. The commission felt that the real

practically all been sold and is a static number, about 740.

limit of lake use by boaters is access. This access has

 A referral to the attached study will show that there have been 1,089 total lots and/or dwelling units sub-divided within the Borough by the original developers. This includes all of the 64 Hotel Units,2 Homes,8 A-Frame Chalets and 24 Townhouses in the Lodge Area("C" in Study and on Map). Subtracting this total of 98 for later consideration leaves a balance of 991 presently platted lots of which 864 have been sold. This included a total potential of 46 lots in the area referred to as West Shore Extension on Map of which only 4 have been sold to second parties. (The balance is referred to as the "Mostoller Tract").

Subtracting the 864 sold from the total of 991 leaves a balance of 127 unsold lots of which 42 are, at the moment, not subdivided within the Mostoller Tract and the balance of 85 which are owned by British Overseas Corp. (The Coal Company). 53 of these lots adjoin the Fairways of the Peninsula Golf Course and the balance of 32 are scattered in various area's. Only 7 of these lots have Lake Access.

There is currently a proposal to build 16 Villa's in the area across from the Peninsula Golf Course Clubhouse on a tract of land of almost 8 acres which tract of land carries with it the right to have 24 boat licenses and be sub-divided into 24 parcels.

A further proposal would add 77 homes in the center of the Peninsula abutting the Fairways of the Golf Course. Both of these proposals were part of the original Plan of the Developers.

Were all of these lots to be sold and built upon there would be a maximum of 1084 residents of which 735 would have Lake Access and 349 without Lake Access. Since essentially all of the Lake Frontage has been sold this figure of not over 750 residences with Lake Access is Static and will not be increased. This is for all intents and purposes the same figure which presently exists.

It has been demonstrated in the past that few residents who do not have Lake access, use a boat on the Lake. It is apparently too much trouble to trailer a boat to the Launch area, put it in and take it out after use. Or those persons who own property without Lake access find Indian Lake to be what they want in a residence without their use of the Lake.

All of the above has led the Commission to the conclusion that potential development of that envisioned in the Zoning Ordinance will not in fact add to Lake use but rather may well decrease its use. In any case lack of access makes 750 Lake users the number that will have to be dealt with. It is also true that as the age of residents increase boating, at least water skiing loses it allure. When a change in the boat owned goes from a high power ski boat to a pontoon boat the space used on the

lake at any given time shrinks dramatically.

2.USE OF INDIAN LAKE.

Residents of Indian Lake who occupy a lot of which the Grantor was Allegheny Mountain Lakes Inc. have as a covenant in their deed the right to have one boat license for every lot they own. To this point in time there has been no charge for this license. However a charge of, presently One Hundred Dollars paid annually, levied by the Service Corporation has been in existence for many years. Of this charge 80 to 90 percent has been paid over to the Borough.

The principle behind this charge has been one of attempting to spread the costs incurred by the Borough over a larger number of individuals than would be the case if it was collected by taxation as property owners without a house pay the same as homeowners. The ability of the Service Corporation to assess property was put into effect at a time when it was not envisioned that a Borough would be formed.

The Commission feels that this method should now be abandoned and while the Service Corporation should remain in existence their charge should be reduced. The right of assessment would be available should some presently unrealized problem take place.

The Borough should institute a charge of One Hundred Dollars for each license issued for each Power Boat beginning in 1992 and a much smaller fee for canoe's, rowboats or paddle boats. This fee would be effective for property owners only and outside residents would be charged a much higher fee eventually reaching such a high point as to discourage applicants. It is felt by the Commission that this fee will approximately off-set the reduction of the Service Corporation donation.

Most of the resistance that exists in the minds of the residents who oppose any further development at all, have to do with what they perceive as overcrowding on the Lake. This fee plus the creation of the Recreational Authority whose members would be Lake users, regardless of their voting residence should go a long way to regulate the traffic on the Lake fairly.

Out of the 365 days in a year only about 100 are used for boating (Memorial Day to Labor Day) where crowding of the Lake is any kind of a problem. Of this 100 days of use only 30 or so are Saturdays and Sundays, the other 70 are weekdays when no crowding in fact practically no use takes place. This 30 days represent only Eight Per Cent of the year and only Thirty Per Cent of the "Use Time on the Lake". The Commission feels that to design the future development of Indian Lake Borough solely around this factor is absurd and that many other steps can be taken to reduce

what some residents perceive as creation of problems with boating, fishing and skiing on the Lake.

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 The Commission feels that the creation of an Authority which will directly regulate the Lake plus the application of a Fee for a Boat License will in itself help to hold down the numbers on the Lake. In addition there are a number of steps the Authority can take in the future such as:

- 1. No water skiing before a set time in the morning if conflict exists between fishermen and skiers.
- 2.Certain areas set aside for fishing and/or skiing in certain times if the problem exists.
- 3.Licensing of extra boats to be held down or only permit extra licenses for use during the week or at other specified times.
- 4. Separation of the Fee schedule between slow boats and fast high horsepower boats.
- 5. Increase of the non-resident fee's
- 6. If the question is one of Safety the creation of a requirement that a boating safety course be taken before a license is issued

When the Recreational Authority is formed they can study the problem, decide the extent to which it exists and come up with the appropriate solutions. The members of the Authority will all be Lake users who are able and willing to spend some time on the project. This should in itself constitute an improvement. One cannot expect the Borough Council to solve every problem.

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4 April 1992 9th Revision

## PROPOSAL NUMBER TWO

### ADMINISTRATION

# 1.GENERAL

The Commission feels that the time has come to expand further the various administrative entities within Indian Lake Borough. The only active bodies at present are the Borough Council, the Water Authority, the Planning Commission and a Zoning Hearing Board. It has been difficult to obtain sufficient people to take positions on the various Boards. The Commission believes this is due largely to the reluctance of many to put up with the constant complaints by some residents who seem to think that the Borough Council can and should solve all problems.

This is not and never will be the case. It is too much to expect that residents, especially those who use Indian Lake as a part time resort will be willing to undertake the positions and spend all of their time working at it. The Commission feels that a further division of the various functions of administration will be helpful. In this connection the appointment of more women willing to give their time should be considered. It is necessary that those persons who are elected or appointed realize that work is involved and that attendance at meetings plus sometimes homework is required.

The Commission proposes that the various administrative functions within Indian Lake Borough be divided among the elected Borough Council and an appointed Recreational Authority, Water and Sewer Authority, Planning Commission and a Zoning Hearing Board.

#### 2.BOROUGH COUNCIL

The Council should consist of from five to seven members plus the Mayor all of whom are elected from among permanent residents of the Borough. (Anyone who has a home within the Borough can become a permanent resident by changing his voting residence to Indian Lake.) The duties of members of Council are prescribed by State Law. The Council employ's a Borough Manager who also functions as Manager of the Water Authority and Zoning

Officer. The Borough also employ's a Police Force which is administered by the Mayor. A number of other employee's work on Road and Water line maintenance under the supervision of the Borough Manager who also supervises several office personnel.

It is envisioned that insofar as permitted by the Code that up to two members of the Council be on the Planning Commission, one a member of the Water and Sewer Authority, and one a member of the Recreational Authority. This cross membership will provide affiliation and union between the Council and its various appointed boards. It is possible that this cross membership will not turn out to be practical because of the difficulty of obtaining people who will be willing to do two jobs. If this is so then reliance should be placed upon the attendance of the Borough Manager at the various meetings and they should be held at such times as the Borough Manager may conveniently attend.

# 3.WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY

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 This Authority presently exists, does an excellent job and the Commission recommends no changes other than a change in name and a takeover of Sewage Plants and systems should this be decided upon. These members do not need to be full time voting residents of the Borough. If the proposals relative to sewerage in Proposal Five of this Plan are carried to fruition several more employees will be probably required. This expansion will add to the responsibilities of this Authority.

# 4. THE ZONING HEARING BOARD.

This Board should consist of three members all of which must be residents of the Borough.function of this Board should be to hear any appeals from final decisions made by the Zoning Officer. Their decision on such appeals should be final with the exception of further appeal to ther County Court. The Board should have at least one meeting each year plus whatever other meetings required to hear appeals. The Board should work closely with the Borough Manager as much of their work will be review of minor request for varience and decisions by the Zoning Officer (Borough Manager) when some applicants do not understand the provisions of the ordinance.

## 5. THE RECREATIONAL AUTHORITY

This authority should be formed in the same manner as the Water and Sewer Authority and should have complete control of Indian Lake. They should set the regulations for use of the Lake by residents, work with the Mayor to handle the police patrol of the Lake and, if it does not conflict with final use of the funds, do all of the issuance of the licenses and collection of the fee's. The Authority should meet frequently before during and

immediately after the Boating season but would not have to meet with such frequency in the off season. One member of the Council should be a member of the authority but other members should be at large among the residents including the non-voting residents as long as they attended the meetings.

# 6. THE PLANNING COMMISSION

The Planning Commission now consists of five members, two of which may be elected members of the Borough Council. The function of the Planning Commission is two fold. One is to PLAN. The second is to review applications for development of various area's within the Borough and make recommendations to the Borough Council after holding public hearings on the applications if they involve changes in the Zoning Ordinances.

The Planning Commission should also serve as a think tank for the other Boards within the Borough taking up problems which have been posed to them and reporting back with recommendations. The Commission, unlike the other Boards, does not make decisions, only study and recommendations.

#### 7.SUMMARY

The Planning Commission feels that the above breakdown of administration will result in better government within Indian Lake Borough with less time spent by the various entities particularly the Council and better service and representation to the residents. While the elected Council is the final arbiter of problems arising within the Borough it cannot be the group which makes the day to day decisions. These must be made by the appointed members of the various Boards and Authorities. One of the reasons why it is difficult to get people to serve on the Council is the problems in the past of meetings running into all hours, members getting telephone calls to "do something about this" and having to spread their expertise over too wide an area of work. A breakdown of responsibility such as outlined above should go a long way in eliminating past difficulties.

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5	PROPOSAL NUMBER THREE
6	THE ZONING ORDINANCE.
7	1.GENERAL
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 0	The Commission proposes to change the present Zoning Ordinance in order to better meet the challenges of the future and to eliminate much of that portion of the Ordinance which deals with provisions not applicable to Indian Lake Borough. In order to accomplish these ends it has been felt that a rewriting is required as the changes would be cumbersome to do by amendment. The present ordinance has been amended many times but still contains many contradictions making it difficult to understand. All past amendments where applicable have been incorporated in the new Ordinance. The basic changes in the existing ordinance can be summarized as follows:  1. Elimination of area's providing for manufacture and industry
20 21	together with all of the regulations pertaining to such use as not being applicable to Indian Lake Borough.
22 23	2. Provision of a small Commercial District and setting the regulations for building within it.
24	3.Expanding greatly the area's denoted as Parks
25 26 27 28 29	4.Re-defining the regulations governing R-l Single Family Residential Districts and expanding the areas devoted to such use. In addition, in all districts, increasing the minimum land area required for each residence up to the same standard as set forth for R-l Single Family Homes (25,000 sq.ft.).
30 31	5.Re-defining the regulations governing R-2 Multi-family districts and greatly reducing the acreage devoted to such use.
32 33	6.Re-zoning over sixty per cent of the acreage presently zoned R-2 to either Agricultural or R-1.
34 35 36	7. Making provision that any development which takes place will have to conform to the strict regulation of Planned Residential Community's and re-defining and expanding that regulation.

- 8. Defining a small portion of R-1 to meet the needs of a Mobile 1
- Home Park and arranging area's devoted to various types of 2
- 3 housing in a way as to meet the requirements of various
- PA. Supreme Court decisions requiring a variety of housing and 4 5
  - prohibiting exclusionary zoning.
- б 2. THE ZONING ORDINANCE.
- 7 The proposed Zoning Ordinance as a separate document is submitted
- to the Council for adoption. The justification and the underlying 8
- goals for this change of the Zoning Ordinance include: 9
- 10 1. To correct all of the errors in the present ordinance and bring
- 11 it into compliance with changes in the Municipal Planning Code
- 12 and all recent amendments.
- 13 2. To continue to maintain a primarily resedential community.
- 14 3. To conserve open space and promote facilities for public
- 15 recreation.
- 16 4.To limit and in fact decrease the intensity of development
- 17 which will protect the ecol; ogical balance of Indian Lake.
- 18 5. Provide for a variety of housing types in appropriate
- 19 locations.
- 20 6. Encourage completion of the Golf Courses.
- 21 7. Encourage expansion of the Sewerage treatment plant to service 22
  - a high percentage of lake front lots thereby protecting the
- 23 quality of water in the Lake.
- 24 8. Increase the tax base of the Borough.

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5	PROPOSAL NUMBER FOUR
6	THE ZONING DISTRICT MAP
7	
8	1.GENERAL
9 10 11	The Zoning Map is attached and made a part of this Plan. Following is a description of some of the more important parcels, their zoning and the reasoning thereof:
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	A. PARKS. The Commission has made a considerable effort to obtain from the PBS Coal Company a donation of much of the un-subdivided parcels of land for use as Parks with no development permitted. A letter concerning this effort is attached as Exhibit Seven. The proposal envisions either the sale of the tract in the center of the Peninsula together with the platted lots, or the sale of the Center of the Peninsula Tract to the Golf Club and retention of the Lots by the Coal Company. This proposal, if implemented, will by itself, reduce the availability of developable land within the Borough by over twenty five percent.
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	B. CENTER OF PENINSULA TRACT OF 44 ACRES. The Commission has recommended this Parcel to be zoned R-2 Multi-Family and require that if developed it be done within the framework and regulations of a Planned Residential Community. This parcel was allocated by the Original Developers of Indian Lake to provide Fairway living for future members of the Peninsula Golf Club. It is obvious that for the Club to complete the overall design to the 18 hole Course they need two events.
33 34 35	<pre>1.The money to complete the construction of the un-finished portion of the Course which they own and which is partially complete and;</pre>
36	2. The addition of about 130 new Members in

order to support the maintenance of the 18 hole golf course when completed.

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It was always planned that funds from the development of the 44 acre tract lying wholly within the perimeter of the unfinished nine holes of the golf course would be used for its completion and that the required members would come from the unsold lots laid out along the Fairways and new subdivision in the Center of the Golf Course. None of these residents will have access to the Lake although they have the right to obtain a boat license, along with every other resident of the Borough.

The Commission feels that these people will become residents primarily for access to the Golf Club and Golf Course and the Lake will be of secondary consideration, if any. Division of the parcel into large wooded parcels with Row-Type Town Houses or Villa,s in a group of not over four will leave much more green space than would standard lots and does not increase the number of homes at all. At the requirement setting twenty five thousand (25,000) square feet of land area the parcel will support 77 homesites either as R-1 Single detached or as R-2 Multi Family.

Were it to be developed as a sub-division of platted lots there would be very many more trees cut, much more roadway laid out and much more land disturbed for utilities. A plan which provides attached clusters in not over four homes per cluster will avoid much of the above.

In addition this tract of land does not adjoin any of the present homesites. It is surrounded entirely by the fairways of the Golf Course and there is at least fifty feet of undisturbed wooded fairway between the proposed development and all of the present lots.

The development would have to meet the standards contained in Article Eleven of the Zoning Ordinance which provides at least 25,000 square feet of land,1200 sq.ft. first floor living space per Villa, standards for roads, water and sewer lines and electric utility service. In addition the developer will be responsible for all sanitation lines and plant plus addition to the water system and lines plus increase of source or storage if required.

The Commission is convinced that this type of development whether carried out by an outside developer or the Golf Club is the highest and best use of the

land in question.

C. THE 7.9 ACRE TRACT ADJOINING THE GOLF CLUB. This tract was intended originally for a Resort Hotel Site and the development maps were so marked as early as 1966. When this use became impracticable because of economic and other conditions it was split with the roadway to allow room for a golf course clubhouse above the road and space for the construction of twenty four (24) townhouses or villas below the road adjoining the lake together with 24 boat licenses. This provision was placed in the deed when the parcel was sold on 1 July 1974.

The deed specifically gives the right to the grantee, their heirs and assigns, to subdivide the parcel into not more than twenty four (24) parcels or units each of which shall be entitled to one boat license, as a covenant running with the land. In addition the deed specifically exempts the 7.956 acre parcel from all of the covenants, easements, maintenance charges and terms set forth in the deeds for individual lots. Whether or not a zoning ordinance can supersede the provisions as stated above may well be a problem for the court to decide, which is where it appears to be headed. The deed is recorded at Volume 763, Page 176 in the Recorders Office in Somerset.

The Commission believes that twenty four units is too many and that the best use, because of the severe slope is an R-2 type development, but with greatly reduced numbers. Historically this is the use that was proposed for the tract until 1982 when it was changed to R-1 by the new Zoning District Map. The Commission believes that some sort of arrangement may be worked out with the owners for a lesser number of units and without any proposal to run a sewer line across the Lake, as was part of their original proposal, which was turned down.

#### 4.SUMMARY

The Commission supports the Ordinance as written and the Zoning Map as shown for the following reasons:

1. The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania has held in a number of cases that, in general, different types of housing including multi-family, mobile home and apartments must be included in the land within a municipality. The actual amount must be a "fair share".

The various Court decisions such as Surrick vs Zoning Hearing Board of Upper Providence Township (476 Pa.182,382 A.2d, 1977) and Fernley vs. Board of Supervisors of Schuykill Twp. (509 Pa. 413,502 A.2d 585.,1985) define further the meaning of basic housing as set forth in the Penna. Municipalities Planning Code. (1988 revision Section 604.4) providing "all basic forms of housing, including single family and two family dwellings and a reasonable range of multifamily dwellings in various arrangements; mobile homes and mobile home parks.)

- 2. The Golf Club has the right to expect that the land wholly enclosed within the confines of its property can be used in a manner consistent with the use of the Golf Course by the proposed residents of the land. The overwhelming number of the members of the Golf Club have voted to support a proposal which in addition to completing the Course will provide seventy-seven new members in an R-2 type residential plan to support the larger course.
- 3. Since it is only the Golf Course members who, when playing the course, will be exposed to the appearance of the development, it would seem that their opinion should prevail.
- 4. The community at large will be improved by having many of the new residents interested in Golf as their primary reason for having a home at Indian Lake rather than use of the Lake.
- 5. That the number of homes will be roughly limited to less than eleven hundred of which the 740 or so which have access to the Lake will remain about the same as now exists. The Borough can easily support such numbers over the period in which they will be probably built.
- 6. That providing 228 acres of Parkland to the Borough represents a considerable improvement in the addition of public non-taxable lands and reduces equally the potential for additional development in an area which would not be desirable from the point of view of additional boating.
- 7. That any fears of reduction of property values are

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completely unfounded and that just the opposite will be true, especially on that property which has its own access to the Lake.

8. That the proposals relative to the changes in the Zoning District Map are wholly consistant with the goals of the Zoning Ordinance as set forth in Proposal Three, Section 2, of this Plan.

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THE	TEN	YEAR	PLAN	FOR	THE	INDIAN	LAKE	COMMUNITY

Prepared by the Planning Commission 4 April 1992 Indian Lake Borough 9th Revision Central City, PA.15926

# PROPOSAL NUMBER FIVE

#### SEWERAGE SYSTEM

## 1.BACKGROUND

In the early 1970's the State of Pennsylvania mandated that the Borough of Shanksville prepare a plan for a disposal system and because they could not support a system by themselves that it be done in conjunction with the Lake Stonycreek Area and the Borough of Indian Lake. Engineers were retained and a plan submitted to the State. At this point the ability of the State to fund the proposal disappeared. The Boroughs and the Township were left with a very expensive engineering plan which was useless. In the interim a design for on lot systems with a sand mound and a pump were permitted and have found wide use in the Borough.

It is of interest that back even further in 1960 when the original plans for the Indian Lake Resort were being formulated the Developers approached the State with a proposal to build a sewage system with on lot treatment but with effluent discharge through a pipe system to a central treatment plant. They were told by the State officials that such a system would never be needed as the lots proposed were so large and an off lot water system being installed. Therefore the developers abandoned the proposal.

Recently at the time of the sale of the Lodge Property the owners of the 7.9 acre tract previously discussed purchased the existing sewage treatment plant below the Lodge and the one and one-half (1 1/2) acre tract surrounding the plant. At an expense to themselves of something over twenty thousand (\$20,000) dollars the plant was completely refurbished and put into first class

condition. The owners offered the plant to the Borough free of charge but under certain conditions regarding their ability to utilize the plant for disposal from their proposed homes they intended to build. Their application to run a disposal line to the plant under the Lake as has been done throughout the State of Pennsylvania was turned down by the Borough Council after a public hearing on the matter.

The Planning Commission believes that this was probably a proper decision as it did not address the overall problem which exists. There are a total of 413 possible homes within the Borough which have or could have a disposal field as close as 100 feet from the Lake. All of the rest of the potential homes are back at least 200 feet and most considerably more. Therefore it is these homes with discharges 100 feet from the Lake edge that should be considered first if a system can be developed to handle a portion of the potential sewage problem.

## 2. RECOMMENDATION.

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The Commission believes that it is feasible for the Borough in conjunction with the developers of the two tracts being considered in the Peninsula, to build a system that will handle the sewage of not only the proposed developments but in addition 53 Fairway lots and 196 of the Lake Front lots. This would take care of almost fifty percent of the potential problem homes within 100 feet of the lake. The total homes and/or lots in this phase of the system would be 342 potential taps going into the present system plus the Lodge and 24 existing townhouses.

In order to accomplish this the plant would have to be enlarged and a line built from the plant below the Lodge around the lake and the point of the peninsula back as far a Palmer drive. The construction of the additions to the plant could be done in such a way as to be able to use smaller portions of the plant in the winter when demand is low. The line would follow the roadway on the Borough right of way. It would be necessary for all residents to tap into the plant and in some cases provide a pump. It is possible that it would not be necessary to provide for the transmission or treatment of raw sewage but rather the effluent only. This may require smaller lines, smaller pumps and less retention time.

Very rough calculations indicate that this system and the enlarged plant could be built for a cost of from not less than Two or more than Three Thousand Dollars per lot owner. The developers would have to spend a total of what they would have to spend in any case. The monthly operating cost should not exceed about Fifteen Dollars per tap.

The Planning Commission recommends that the Borough retain the services of a Sanitary Engineer to examine the proposal and report as to its feasibility and more accurate costs. With the potential of eventually being able to design the system the cost of the initial work should be minimal.

The Planning Commission further recommends that the Borough consider an Ordinance which would prohibit the use of Phosphate detergents within the Borough. While it is admitted that this would be difficult to enforce we think that the majority of residents would abide by the ordinance. Non-Phosphate detergents are readily available in most stores.

#### 3.WATER SERVICE.

The Planning Commission also recommends that the Borough consider the application of a Water Service Fee to all lots where water lines are adjacent to such lots but no home has been built and no water charge currently collected. This fee could be billed to all vacant property owners excepting those who own an adjacent home and are paying a water bill on a quarterly basis. The justification for this service is the cost of maintenance of water lines by the Authority and storage for demand by vacant lots owners when and if they build.

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<u> </u>	SUBMITTED TO THE BOROUGH COUNCIL OF INDIAN LAKE THIS
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3	INDIAN LAKE PLANNING COMMISSION
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FUNCTION A149L203	B SO.SHORE	C Lodge	D P.ESTATE	E P.LK.FRONT	F FAIRWAY	G AIRPARK	H Arawak	I No.shore	J WE.SHORE		L Totals
TOTAL VALUE	\$445,094	\$151,492	\$207,033	\$1,259,779	\$273,083	\$5,720	\$123,555	\$499,624	\$466,948		\$3,462,028
AVERAGE VALUE	\$5,857	\$4,328	\$6,470	\$10,767	\$8,809	\$5,720	\$6,864	\$7,687	\$6,671	\$7,425	\$7,060
ABOVE AVERAGE	34	26	15	56	14	0	13	26	29	2	47,000
BELOW AVERAGE	42	9	18	61	17	0	15	39	41	2	
VERAGE-4H-4L	\$5,762	'N/A	<b>\$5,858</b>	\$9,170	\$8,474	N/A	\$6,296	\$7,259	\$6,485	N/A	
IUMBER OF HOMES	76	68	32	117	31	1	18	65	70	4	482
IGHEST VALUE	\$11,540	\$6,440	\$11,765	\$37,152	\$15,430	\$5,720	\$16,015	\$21,050	\$13,641	\$9,185	
OWEST VALUE	\$1,550	\$1,925	\$2,560	\$6,772	\$3,930	\$5,720	\$4,405	\$2,721	\$2,747	\$6,825	
EDIAN VALUE	\$5,978	\$4,462	\$6,151	\$8,990	\$8,421	\$5,720	\$6,043	\$7,298	\$6,465	\$7,425	\$6,695
UMBER OF LOTS	133	98	109	224	183	4	54	123	115	46	1089
UMBER SOLD	133	68	97	224	130	4	41	118	113	4	932
UMBER UNSOLD	0	30	12	- 0	53	0	13	5	2	42	157
UMBER VACANT	65	0	77	77	152	3	36	58	45	42	555
WNED/ADJACENT	9	0	6	31	14	0	7	5	10	0	82
ERMIT DENIED	6	0	. 4	9	. 9	0	2	14	7	0	51
UILDABLE	50		67	37	129	3	27	39	28	0	380
NTITLED BOAT LIC NTITLED BOAT LIC	ENSES AT	ONE PER LO	T- BILLED	BY SERVICE	CORP		INCLUDES L	ODGE TRACT	)		
TAL NUMBER OF L						836					
JMBER ISSUED TO	NON-RESID	ENCES				13					
OUNT RECEIVED F	OR EXTRA	BOAT LICEN	SES		\$						

DEVELOPABLE LAND				
OWNER	PARCEL	ASSESSED	PER ACRE	MAP NUMBER
BRIT.OVER.CORP.	'419ac LAND	\$11,605	\$31	036-128&044-020(CCM)
UNGER/ISEMAN	'PEN.LAKE FRONT 7.	123ac \$8,645	\$960	037-156(LL3)
C.MOSTOLLER ET	'WE.SHORE 33ac	\$4,083	\$124	033-096/14(RRE-LL2-AG)
R.MUSSER	'TRACTS 106ac	\$2,343	\$22	040-147/153/081(AG-AA8-VVU)
A.SLINGLUFF	'TRACTS 38ac	\$3,876	\$102	008-083/84(LL2-AG)
TREMOLONI, DAVID	'TRACT 20.56ac	\$5,215	\$261	040-149(VVT)
J.TURGAN	'AIRPORT 9ac	\$3,937	\$437	041-167(LL3)
D.WALKER	'TRACT 17.42ac	\$2,675	\$157	008-081-1(VVT)
BRANT, ROGER	'TRACT 7.7ac	\$670	\$100	040-151(LL3)
BOCEK,W. ET UX	TRACT 13ac	\$2,240	\$172	044-011(AAT)
CARNEY, FRANK ET	TRACT 57ac	\$1,802	\$32	041-165(AG)
KONDISKO, JOSEPH	TRACT 58.4ac	\$3,450	\$59	040-148(AAB)
PERIGO, DENNIS	TRACT 10ac	\$4,112	\$411	036-228(VVB)
PHILLIPS, TIM	TRACT 9ac	\$1,810	\$201	036-230(RRE)
P.B.S.	TRACT 82.5ac	<b>\$7,690</b>	\$93	008-081(VVT)
LAUREL CHURCH	TRACT 22ac	\$0	\$0	041-166(EXR)
McCLACHEY, JOHN	TRACT 3 ac	\$1,445	\$361	040-153/154
ARMSTRONG, ALAN	TRACT 3.3ac	\$2,330	\$706	040-152
WATKA-TOMILSON	'TRACT 1.3ac	\$2,260	\$1,699	040-141
TOTALS	917 ACRES APPROX.	\$70,188	\$77	

(FUNCTION A216 VALUES OF FACILI ^OWNER	L270) TIES OTHER THAN RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY	VALUE SU	18-TOTAL	PER/LOT	PER/ACRE
LAKE PROPERTIES SAME VARIOUS OWNERS S.SWANK ET AL ILK GOLF CLUB BRIT.OVER.CORP. ILK AIRPORT	'LODGE,GOLF COURSE,204ac 'HOTEL(CONDO#2) 'HOTEL(CONDO#1) 'MARINA COMPLEX 'PEN. GOLF COURSE,CLUBHOUS '85 LOTS (SEE BELOW) RUNWAYS & LAND 55.8ac	\$198,505 \$64,140 \$17,280 \$18,388 \$36,466 \$78,124 \$1,105	\$262,645	5 \$91	9
TOTALS		\$414,008			•
OTHER PROPERTIES					
BRIT.OVER.CORP. OTHERS	1201ac 'COAL & MINERALS 667ac 'COAL & MINERALS	\$31,698 \$17,604	\$49,302		

# BOAT AND DOCK ACCESS LAND ON LAKE

DISTRICTS	B =====	====	C		D		E		F ·		G		Н		Ï	J	•	K	TOTAL
100 FT FRONTAGE	30		0		0		224		0		0		19	=====	====: 71	======= 51	======== 1	:=====:: .8	413
25 FT FRONTAGE	53		0		0		. 0		.0		0	. ,	7	ļ	52	64	2	8	204
9 FT FRONTAGE	50		52		0		0		0		. 0	İ	, 0.		0	0		0	102
TOTAL W/ACCESS	133		52		. 0		224		. 0		0		26	/ 12	3	115	4	6	719
NO DOCK SPACE	0		46		109		0		183		4		28	•	0	0	7	0	370
												•							
						• • • • • •											TOTAL		1089
BRITISH OVERSEAS CORF	OWNS	85	LOTS	5 5	SIOUX	PARK;1	3 ARAI	NAK;2:	DAKOT	A;					NO	T SOLD	100 FT.		14
12 PENINSULA ESTATE;	31 FAIR	WAY;	22 A	IRPO	RT FAI	RWAY.									. :	. 0025	25 FT		35
									•								9 FT		٥

# NOTES ON ABOVE STATISTICS

All above figures were compiled from the Tax Assessment Listings for 1990. Som errors may exist but are not significant. Lot numbers were taken from the Borough Map. Boat License numbers came from Borough Manager and the Budget for 1990.

Notes (1)These parcels if sub-divided must be as follows:Mostoller-4 parks with 28 park lots and 14 more lake fronts.Bocek-5 lake front total.Turgin 9 Airpark lots.Note(2) It is expected that this parcel will support 16 Townhouse Lot units or 9 residences.All of the other parcels have no restrictions.

To calculate fair market value a multiplier of 12 would seem to be appropriate in most cases. NOTE:49 MORE HOUSES WERE BUILT SINCE ASSESSMENT DATE OF STUDY.

THIS WILL BE INCORPORATED IN FINAL PLAN.

# LAND AREAS WITHIN DISTRICTS

## B-SOUTH SHORE DISTRICT

Wenatchee; Ottawa; Chippewa; Kiowa; Arapaho; Seneca; Cherokee; Delaware.

## C.LODGE DISTRICT.

Condo #1; A-Frame Chalets; Lodge; Hotel (Condo #2); Townhouses 1 to 12; Old Boro Bldg; Greenskeepers House; Townhouses 13 to 24; Golf Course; Pro-Shop; Total 208 Acres, 1000 ft Lake Front; Tracts 81, 81-1, & 83.

# D-PENINSULA ESTATE DISTRICT. Peninsula Estate Lots.

E-PENINSULA LAKE FRONT DISTRICT Peninsula Lots

# F-FAIRWAY LOT DISTRICT. Fairway Lots; Tract #128

### G-AIRPARK DISTRICT.

Airpark Lots; Terminal Building; Runways; Tract below Runway; Golf Course Maintenance Bldg.

#### H-ARAWAK DISTRICT

Arawak Lots; Pawnee; Cayuga; Shoshone; Park Lake Front in Stump Area; Tract 128.

#### I-NORTH SHORE DISTRICT

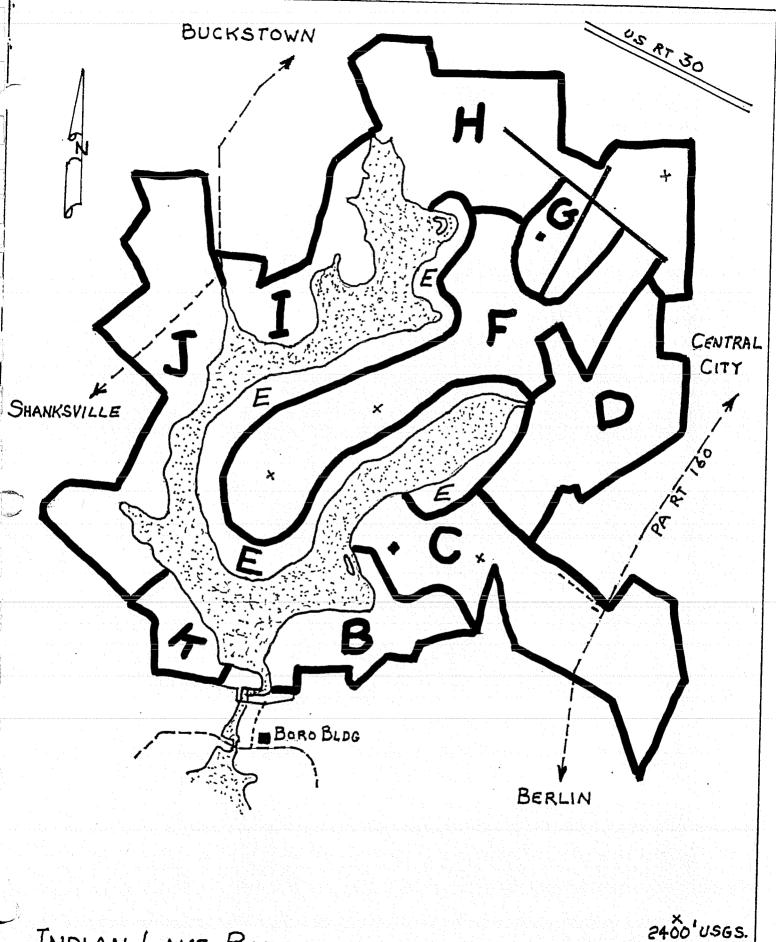
Choctaw; Bocek Lots; Mohawk; Apache; Ithaca; Sioux; Huron; Niagara; Tracts 152 & 153.

#### J-WEST SHORE DISTRICT.

Osage; Dakota; Navijo; Syracuse; Iroquois; Chickasaw; Algonquin; Comanche; Tracts 147,148,149,228.

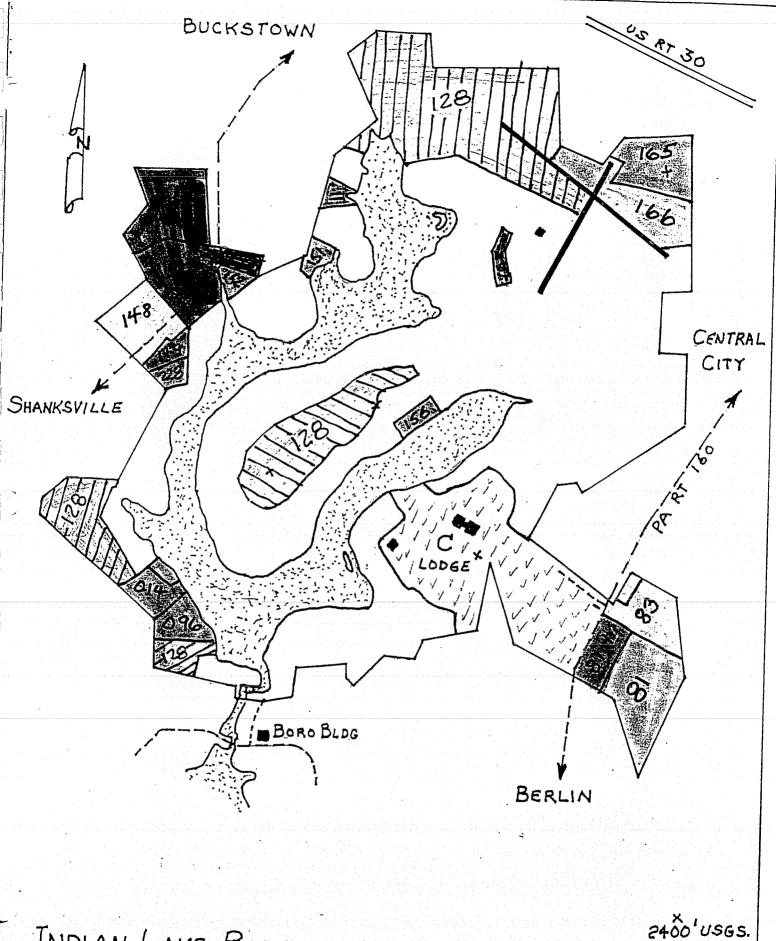
# K-WEST SHORE EXTENSION

Pueblo Lots; Mostoller Tract 014 & 096.



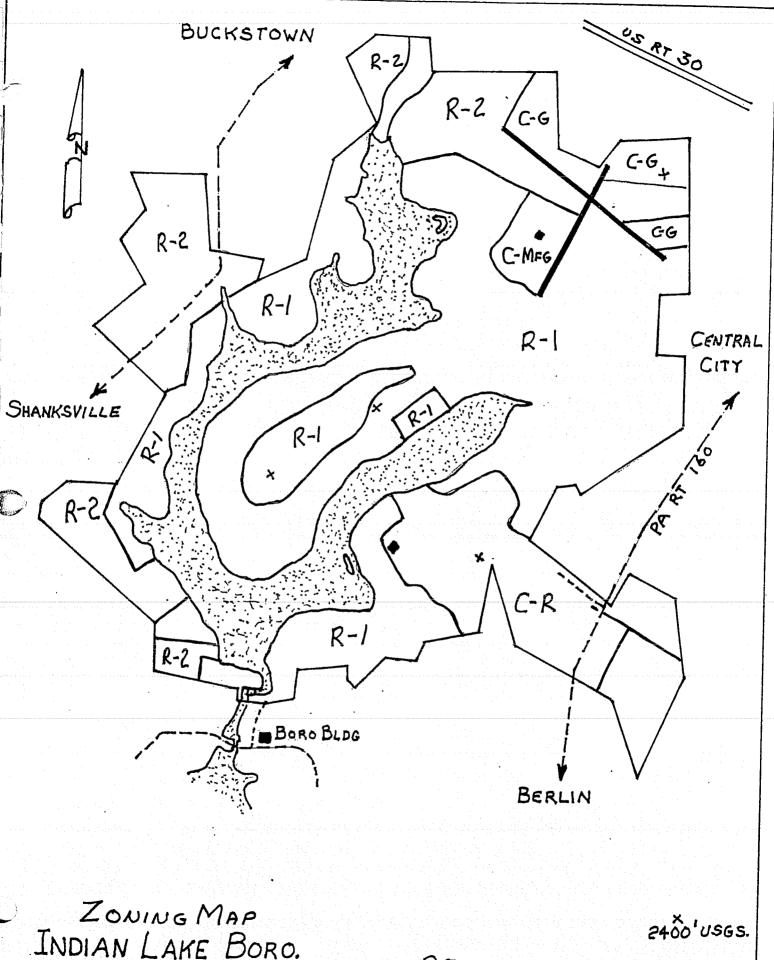
INDIAN LAKE BORO. STUDY DISTRICTS

26 Exhibit Three SCALE 1in=2000 ft



INDIAN LAKE BORO. LOCATION OF TRACTS UN-DEVELOPED

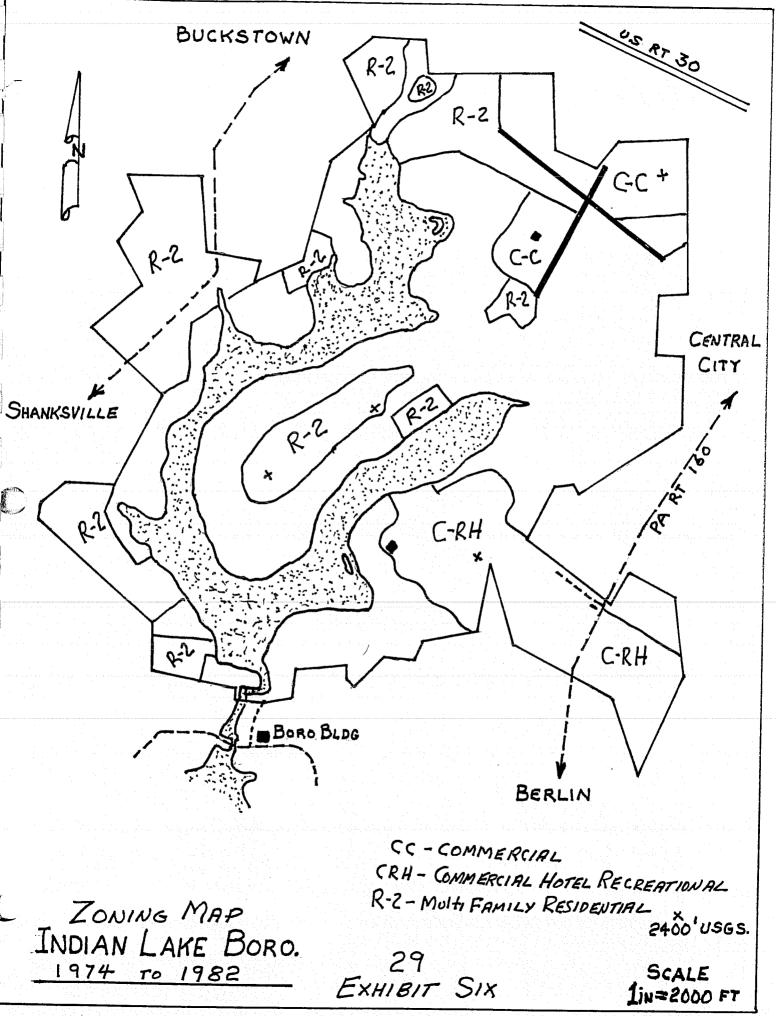
27 EXHIBIT FOUR Scale 1in=2000 ft



INDIAN LAKE BORO. 1982 TO PRESENT

EXHIBIT FIVE

SCALE 1in=2000 FT



PBS COALS, INC.

P.O. Box 260 Friedens, PA 15541 814/443-4668

TLX 812553 FAX 814/445-2809

December 12, 1991

Mr. Eugene Holman, Chairman Indian Lake Planning Commission Indian Lake Borough Central City, PA 15926

Dear Mr. Holman:

In conformance with discussions held with you and other members of the Planning Commission, I should like to advise you of our intent with respect to the disposition of the balance of properties we own within Indian Lake Borough.

It is our intention to sell the 44-acre tract in the center of the Peninsula and the various platted lots to the developer who has expressed interest, or should that sale not materialize, to sell the 44-acre tract in the center of the Peninsula to the Indian Lake Golf Club and retain the platted lots for subsequent sale by ourselves.

Upon the disposition as outlined above, we intend to offer to Indian Lake Borough without cost other than document preparation and transfer taxes, the 205 acres of land at Arawak, the 2-acre island and the 21-acre strip bordering Clear Run--a total of 228 acres.

We trust this letter will be helpful to you in completion of the Indian Lake overall plan you have been preparing.

Very truly yours,

Robert Scott
President

RS:clb

cc: Tim Phillips

